550th Fighter Squadron

Lineage.

Constituted 550th Night Fighter Squadron on 3 May 1944.

Activated on 1 June 1944.

Inactivated on 4 January 1946.

Redesignated 550th Tactical Fighter Training
Squadron and activated on 18 January 1970.¹
Redesignated 550th Fighter Squadron on
1 November 1991.²
Inactivated 14 November 1991.³

Activated 25 March 1994.⁴ Inactivated on 31 March 1995.⁵

Activated 3 April 2017.⁶



Campaign Streamers.

World War II Asiatic-Pacific Theater

New Guinea [1943-1944] Leyte [1944-1945] Southern Philippines [1945]

Decorations.

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards

1 January 1971-31 December 1972⁷ 23 June 1976-31 December 1976⁸ 1 January 1978-31 December 1979⁹



¹ TAC SO G-2, 15 January 1970

² TAC SO G-12, 1 November 1991

³ TAC SO GB-18, 14 November 1991

⁴ AETC SO G-29, 14 March 1994

⁵ AETC SO G-23, 15 February 1995

⁶ AETC SO G-17-8, 2 March 2017; Amend AETC SO G-17-9, 3 March 2017

⁷ DAF SO GB-818/1973

⁸ DAF SO GB-118, 1 March 1978

⁹ DAF SO GB-022, 19 January 1981

Decorations. (Continued)

Air Force Outstanding Unit Award (Continued)

1 August 1982-31 May 1984¹⁰ 1 October 1989-30 September 1991¹¹ 25 March 1994-31 March 1994¹² 1 July 2018-30 June 2019¹³

Special Honors.

Philippine Presidential Unit Citation (WWII).

Assignments. Fourth Air Force, 1 June 1944 (attached to 319th Wing, 1 June-2 November 1944); Thirteenth Air Force, 2 December 1944; XIII Fighter Command, 12 December 1944-4 December 1945 (attached to XIII Bomber Command, 14 February 1945; 85th Fighter Wing, 7 April-June 1945). 58th Tactical Fighter Training (later, Tactical Training) Wing, 18 January 1970¹⁴; 405th Tactical Training Wing, 29 August 1979¹⁵; 58th Operations Group, 1 October 1991¹⁶-14 November 1991.¹⁷ 58th Operations Group, 25 March 1994-1 April 1994; 56th Operations Group, 1 April 1994-31 March 1995. 56th Operations Group, 3 April 2017-.¹⁸

Stations. Hammer Field, California, 1 June 1944; Visalia Army Air Field, California, 25 August-2 November 1944; Hollandia, New Guinea, 14 December 1944 (detachment operated from Middelburg Island, 31 December 1944-14 February 1945); Morotai, 14 February 1945 (detachment operated from Tacloban, Leyte, 8 March-April 1945); Tacloban, Leyte, 7 April-4 December 1945 (detachments operated from Zamboanga, Mindanao, 27 April-17 June 1945; Sanga Sanga, Sulu, 28 May-August 1945; and Puerto Princesa, Palawan, 9 June 1945-19 June 1945); 85518551Camp Stoneman, California, 3 January 1946-4 January 1946. Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, 18 January 1970-14 November 1991. Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, 25 March 1994²⁰-31 March 1995. Kingsley Field Air National Guard Base, Oregon, 3 April 2017-. 21

¹⁰ DAF SO GB-415/1985

¹¹ TAC SO GA-012, 4 December 1991

¹² AETC SO G-78/1995

¹³ AETC SO G-013, 18 Dec 2019

¹⁴ TAC SO G-2, 15 January 1970

¹⁵ TAC SO GA-95, 20 August 1979

¹⁶ TAC SO GB-3, 1 October 1991

¹⁷ TAC SO GB-18, 14 November 1991

¹⁸ AETC SO G-17-8, 2 March 2017; Amend AETC SO G-17-9, 3 March 2017

¹⁹ TAC SO G-2, 15 January 1970; TAC SO GB-18, 14 November 1991

²⁰ AETC SO G-29, 14 March 1994

²¹ AETC SO G-17-8, 2 March 2017; Amend AETC SO G-17-9, 3 March 2017

Aircraft.

Vultee BT-13 Valiant	1944
Beechcraft AT-10 Wichita	1944
Northrop YP-61 Black Widow	1944
Northrop P-61 Black Widow	1944-1945
Douglas P-70 Nighthawk	1944-1945
Lockheed P-38 Lightning	1945
North American F-100 Super Sabre	1970-1971
McDonnell Douglas F-4 Phantom II	1971-1974;
McDonnell Douglas F-15 Eagle	1974-1989; 2017-
McDonnell Douglas F-15E Strike Eagle	1989-1991, 1994-1995.

Emblem. Originally approved on 10 Apr 1978; newest rendition approved on 26 June 2017.

Blazon. On a disc Azure, a stylized eagle displayed throughout, with talons extended forward, Proper; all within a narrow border Yellow.

Attached below the disc, a Blue scroll edged with a narrow Yellow border and inscribed "550TH FIGHTER SQ" in Yellow letters..

Motto. None.

Significance. Ultramarine blue and Air Force yellow are the Air Force colors. Blue alludes to the sky, the primary theater of Air Force operations. Yellow refers to the sun and the excellence required of Air Force personnel. The gold brown American bald eagle, poised in flight with claws extended forward, is a powerful and majestic symbol of freedom. It embodies great strength and lethality of air operations.

Commanders.

550th Night Fighter Squadron [1 June 1944-4 January 1946]

Unmanned 1 June 1944

Maj Robert A. Tyler 2 June 1944-04 January 1946

Commanders. (Continued)

550th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron [18 January 1970-1 November 1991;

Lt Col Michael G. Filliman 18 January 1970-30 June 1970 Unmanned 1 June 1970-30 June 1971

Lt Col Elvis E. Crooks

Ca. 1 July 1971

Lt Col Robert D. Rossmeisl

Ca. 15 January 1973

Lt Col James W. DuBois

Lt Col John S. Walker

Lt Col Clyde R. Robbins

Lt Col Michael T. Dowell

Ca. 15 January 1973

15 July 1974²²

15 December 1975

27 August 1976

26 May 1977²³

Lt Col Daniel J. Sherlock 27 September 1977²⁴ [Brigadier General]

Lt Col John A. Madden
3 August 1979²⁵
Lt Col John C. Marshall
8 May 1981²⁶
Lt Col Michael J. Langston
3 September 1982²⁷

Lt Col Thomas C. Waskow 25 June 1984²⁸ [Lieutenant General]

Lt Col Hollis K. Fox 26 June 1986²⁹ Lt Col David H. Perron 1 April 1988³⁰

Lt Col Terry W. Branson 9 March 1990 -1 Nov 1991.³¹

550th Fighter Squadron [1 November 1991-14 November 1991;

25 March 1994-31 March 1995; 3 April 2017-Present

Lt Col Terry W. Branson 1 Nov 1991 -14 Nov 1991.³²

Lt Col John H. Tweedy 25 March 1994³³

Lt Col Thomas K. Mascot 5 August 1994-31 March 1995³⁴

²² 58 CSG 162327Z JUL 74 MSG

²³ 58 CSG SO G-26, 27 May 1977

²⁴ 58 CSG SO G-39, 8 November 1977

²⁵ 550 TFTS SO G-24, 3 August 1979

²⁶ 58 CSG SO G-19, 8 May 1981

²⁷ 832 CSG SO G-55, 3 September 1982

²⁸ 832 CSG SO G-017, 25 June 1984

²⁹ 832 CSG SO G-37, 20 June 1986

³⁰ 832 CSG SO G-27, 31 March 1988

³¹ 832 MSS SO G-15, 6 March 1990

³² TAC SO GB-18, 14 November 1991

³³ 555 FS SO SO-G-52, 6 April 1992

³⁴ 550 FS SO SO-GI-03, 12 August 1994; AETC SO G-23, 15 February 1995

Commanders. (Continued)

Lt Col Brad E. Orgeron Lt Col Julius C. Romasanta 3 April 2017³⁵ 1 June 2018-Present³⁶

Narrative.

The 550th Night Fighter Squadron was constituted on 3 May 1944. On 1 June 1944, it activated at Hammer Field, California, assigned to Fourth Air Force, but attached to the 319th Wing as of that date. As part of its training, squadron pilots flew the Vultee BT-13 Valiant, Beechcraft AT-10 Wichita, and Northrop YP-61 Black Widow. On 25 August 1944, the .squadron went to Visalia Army Air Field, California, which was a sub-installation of Hammer Field. At that point, squadron aircrews flew Northrop P-61 Black Widow and the Douglas P-70 Nighthawk in their training and throughout much of the war. On 2 December 1944, the unit was ready to go to the Pacific Theater and was reassigned to Thirteenth Air Force. On 12 December 1944, the 550th Night Fighter Squadron was assigned to the XIII Fighter Command. Two days later, it arrived at Hollandia, New Guinea. Between 31 December 1944 and 14 February 1945, the unit had a detachment operating from Middleburg Island. On 14 February 1945, the 550th Night Fighter Squadron moved to Morotai Island and was attached to XIII Bomber Command. On 8 March 1945, the unit began operating a detachment from Tacloban, Leyte. On 7 April 1945, the rest of the squadron moved to Tacloban and attached to the 85th Fighter Wing. Between 27 April and 17 June 1945, the unit had a detachment flying out of Zamboanga, Mindanao. Between 28 May and August 1945, another detachment flew out of Sanga Sanga, Sulu. Between 9 and 19 June 1945, a third detachment flew out of Puerto Princesa, Palawan. The end of combat for the unit in June mirrored the end of the unit's attachment to the 85th Fighter Wing. At some point in 1945, the 550th Night Fighter Squadron flew the night fighter version of the Lockheed P-38 Lightning. On 4 December 1945, the 550th Night Fighter Squadron departed Tacloban, Leyte. On 3 January 1946, the unit arrived at Camp Stoneman, California, and inactivated the next day. The 550th earned a Philippine Presidential Unit Citation, and two campaign ribbons for its actions in the Pacific Theater.

On 18 January 1970, the unit was redesignated the 550th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron, assigned to the 58th Tactical Training Wing, and activated at Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, to flying the North American F-100 Super Sabre. The next year, it transitioned to the McDonnell Douglas F-4 Phantom II. In 1974, the 550th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron transitioned to the McDonnell Douglas F-15 Eagle. On 29 August 1979, Tactical Air Command reassigned the unit to the 405th Tactical Training Wing. In 1989, the unit transitioned to the McDonnell Douglas F-15E Strike Eagle. On 1 October 1991, Tactical Air Command reassigned the 550th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron to the 58th Operations Group. On 1 November 1991, the unit was redesignated 550th Fighter Squadron. Thirteen days later, the 550th Fighter Squadron inactivated. During that period, the unit's mission was to train aircrew to fly its aircraft.

^{35 56} MSG SO G-14-16, 21 Jun 2016; AETC SO G-17-8, 2 March 2017; Amend AETC SO G-17-9. 3 March 2017

³⁶ 56 MSG SO G-13-18, 4 June 2018

On 25 March 1994, the 550th Fighter Squadron reactivated at Luke Air Force Base, assigned to the 58th Operations Group and continued its mission to train aircrews to fly the F-15E Strike Eagle. On 1 April 1994, Air Education and Training Command reassigned the 550th Fighter Squadron to the 56th Operations Group. On 31 March 1995, the 550th Fighter Squadron inactivated. While at Luke, it received six Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards.

On 3 April 2017, the 550th Fighter Squadron reactivated at Kingsley Field Air National Guard Base, Oregon. Assigned to the 56th Operations Group, the unit conducted pilot training flying the F-15 Eagle as part of the Chief of Staff of the USAF's Total Force Initiative.

Locally Prepared on 20 February 2020

Locally Prepared by Rick Griset